

# Geography • Where We Live: London *Global City*

**Key Learning Question:** What connects London to the rest of the world?



## Crucial Knowledge

- Global cities are hubs for world finance and major business centres.
- London (UK), New York (USA), Paris (France) and Tokyo (Japan) are global cities.
- Many people and goods move in and out of these cities.
- London has a population of around 9 million people.
- London is divided into 32 boroughs and some areas are defined by the heritage of the population.
- People immigrate to London from all over the world.
- Over 250 languages are spoken in London, making it the most linguistically diverse city in the world.
- Commodities are shipped to London from all over the world. London also exports goods.
- Technology has made our global city connections quicker, cheaper and easier.
- London has 6 major airports.
- Heathrow is one of the busiest airports in the world.

**Big Ideas:** Mapping (OS) • Human Impact

- The Human World • Location • Fieldwork
- Compass Directions (8 points) • Counties, cities & features of the United Kingdom



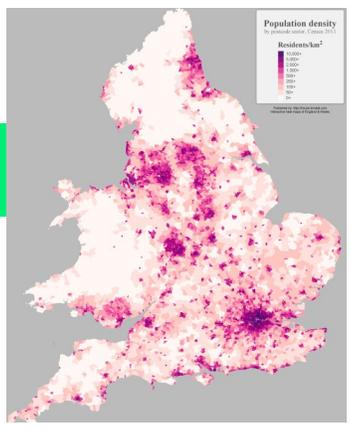
## Location Maps



Global cities map

**Population density map key:**

- 10,000+ People
- 500+ People
- 0+ People



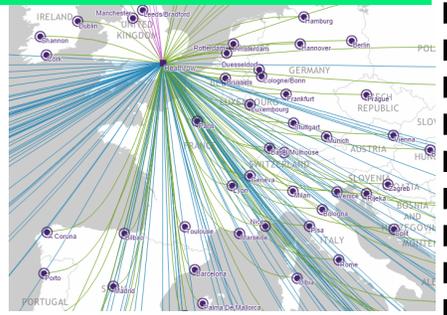
## Map of London boroughs



- Key:**
- Hackney
  - London
  - Water

## Air routes from Heathrow airport

- Key:**
- In UK
  - In Europe
  - Global



## Key Vocabulary

- sustainability: Humans interacting with the environment in a way that means resources will not run out.
- globalisation: A process of business with a worldwide effect.
- trade: The action of buying and selling.
- human geography: Geography that looks at human communities, cultures, economy and environment.
- commodities: Basic goods that get sold, such as clothes.
- resources: Something a person can take from. This can be things like water, electricity and money.
- statistics: A type of science that collects information and translates it in the form of numbers.
- population: All people of a certain place.
- economic: Study of the part of society that creates wealth
- residential: A place used for living, a home or homes.
- census: Counting and collecting information about people living in a certain area.

## We Are Building Our Knowledge From

- London - Feeding a City (Y3)
- London - Pollution (Y5)