## Geography • Rivers: The Amazon

## Key Learning Question: What is the geography of the Amazon river?

## Crucial Knowledge

- Rivers sources are usually on high ground. They flow downhill and at their mouth flow into another body of water.
- There are rivers on every continent in the world. I - The Amazon river is in South America. It is in a tropical climate belt and is surrounded by rainforest.
- Rivers always flow downhill, and can meander around objects such as hills and large rocks.
- As rivers flow, the water can cause erosion of the land, creating valleys.
- Indigenous tribes live in the Amazon rainforest, using natural resources to survive. Illegal logging and forest fires put their lives at risk .
- Rivers are used by humans for transport, drinking water, fishing, growing crops and tourism .


## Key Vocabulary

River source: The starting point of a river, on high ground
River mouth: Where a river flows into another body of water, often the sea
Equator: An imaginary line halfway between the north and south poles.
Tropics: The mapped area between the Tropic of Cancer and Tropic of Capricorn, either side of the equator.
Hemispheres: Halves of the earth (divided by the equator)Northern or Southern

Climate: Weather conditions connected to an area over a long time.

Basin: Area of land where the water collects and drains off into a common river
Meander: The way a river flows, around large rocks and hills
Erosion: Land being worn away by wind or water.
Valley: A low area of land between hills or mountains

Climate: Weather conditions over a period of time

Big Ideas:
Locations and Mapping - The Human World • The Physical World • Human Impact • Physical Processes


Eight Point Compass:
N/E = Northeast
S/E = Southeast
S/W = Southwest
S/E = Southeast


We Are Building Our Knowledge From

- Seas and Coasts: The UK (YI)

This will help when we learn about

- London - Birds and Trees (Y3)
- London - Pollution (Y5)

